

# CAV controllers

## Type RN



### For the precise control of constant volume flow rates

Circular self-powered volume flow controllers for the control of supply air or extract air in constant air volume systems

- Volume flow rate can be set using an external scale, no tools required
- High control accuracy
- No on-site test measurements required for commissioning
- Suitable for airflow velocities of up to 12 m/s
- Any installation orientation; maintenance-free
- Casing air leakage to EN 1751, class C

#### Optional equipment and accessories

- Acoustic cladding for the reduction of case-radiated noise
- Secondary silencer Type CA, CS or CF for the reduction of air-regenerated noise
- Hot water heat exchanger Type WL and electric air heater Type EL for reheating the airflow
- Actuator for switching between setpoint values



Actuator for switching between setpoint values



Tested to VDI 6022

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**Variants**

Product examples

**CAV controller variant RN-S, compact height**



**CAV controller variant RN**



**CAV controller variant RN-D**



**CAV controller variant RN, with actuator for switching between setpoint values**



**Description**

For detailed information on actuators see Chapter K5 – 2.2.

**Application**

- Circular CONSTANTFLOW CAV controllers of Type RN for the precise supply air or extract air flow control in constant air volume systems
- Mechanical self-powered volume flow control without external power supply
- Simplified project handling with orders based on nominal size
- Volume flow rate setpoint can be set on external scale
- Switching between  $\dot{V}_{\min}$  and  $\dot{V}_{\max}$  using optional actuator

**Variants**

- RN-S: Compact-height volume flow controller
- RN: Volume flow controller
- RN-D: Volume flow controller with acoustic cladding
- RN-FL: Volume flow controller with flanges on both ends
- RN-D-FL: Volume flow controller with acoustic cladding and flanges on both ends
- Units with acoustic cladding and/or a secondary silencer Type CA, CS or CF for demanding acoustic requirements
- Acoustic cladding cannot be retrofitted

### Construction

- Galvanised sheet steel
- P1: Powder-coated, silver grey (RAL 7001)
- A2: Stainless steel

### Nominal sizes

- RN-S: 80, 100, 125
- RN: 80, 100, 125, 160, 200, 250, 315, 400
- RN-FL: 100, 125, 160, 200, 250, 315, 400

### Attachments

- Min/Max actuators: Actuators for switching between minimum and maximum volume flow rate setpoint values
- Modulating actuators: Actuators for the stepless adjustment of volume flow rates or to switch between minimum and maximum volume flow rate setpoint values
- Retrofit kits:  
Actuators and installation accessories
- Variant RN-S cannot be combined with an actuator

### Accessories

- Lip seals on both ends (factory fitted)
- Matching flanges for both ends

### Useful additions

- Secondary silencer Type CA, CS or CF
- Heat exchanger Type WL
- Electric air heater Type EL

### Special features

- Volume flow rate can be set using an external scale; no tools required
- High volume flow rate control accuracy
- Any installation orientation

### Parts and characteristics

- Ready-to-commission controller
- Damper blade with low-friction bearings
- Bellows that acts as an oscillation damper
- Cam plate with leaf spring
- Scale with pointer to set the volume flow rate setpoint
- Aerodynamic function testing of each unit on a special test rig prior to shipping
- Correct operation even under unfavourable upstream conditions (1.5 D straight section required upstream)

### Construction features

- Circular casing
- Spigot suitable for circular ducts to EN 1506 or EN 13180
- Spigot with groove for lip seal (RN-P1/80 without groove)
- RN-FL: Circular flanges to EN 12220

### Materials and surfaces

Galvanised sheet steel construction

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel
- Interior parts, nominal sizes 80 – 125: stainless steel 1.4301, nominal sizes 160 – 400: galvanised sheet steel
- Polyurethane bellows
- Plain bearings with PTFE coating
- Leaf spring made of stainless steel

Powder-coated construction (P1)

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel, powder-coated
- Interior parts, nominal sizes 80 – 125: stainless steel 1.4301, nominal sizes 160 – 400: galvanised sheet steel, powder-coated

Stainless steel construction (A2)

- Casing made of stainless steel 1.4301
- Interior parts made of stainless steel

Variant with acoustic cladding (-D)

- Acoustic cladding made of galvanised sheet steel
- Rubber profile for the insulation of structure-borne noise
- Lining is mineral wool

Mineral wool

- To EN 13501, fire rating class A1, non-combustible
- RAL quality mark RAL-GZ 388
- Biosoluble and hence hygienically safe according to the German TRGS 905 (Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances) and EU directive 97/69/EG

### Installation and commissioning

- Any installation orientation
- Volume flow rate can be set using an external scale; no tools required
- No repeat measurements or adjustments by an air conditioning engineer are necessary
- RN-D: For constructions with acoustic cladding, ducts on the room side should have cladding up to the acoustic cladding of the controller

### Standards and guidelines

- Hygiene conforms to VDI 6022
- Casing air leakage to EN 1751, class C

### Maintenance

- Maintenance-free as construction and materials are not subject to wear

**Attachments**

Order code detail	Actuator	Supply voltage	Auxiliary switch
<b>Min/Max actuators</b>			
B50	Actuator with mechanical stops TROX/Belimo	24 V AC/DC	-
B52			2
B60		230 V AC	-
B62			2
<b>Modulating actuators</b>			
B70	Actuator with mechanical stops TROX/Belimo	24 V AC/DC	-
B72			2

**Technical data**

<b>Nominal sizes</b>	80 – 400 mm
<b>Volume flow rate range</b>	11 – 1400 l/s or 40 – 5040 m <sup>3</sup> /h
<b>Volume flow rate control range</b>	Approx. 25 to 100 % of the nominal volume flow rate
<b>Scale accuracy</b>	± 4 %
<b>Minimum differential pressure</b>	50 Pa
<b>Maximum differential pressure</b>	1000 Pa
<b>Operating temperature</b>	10 – 50 °C

Function

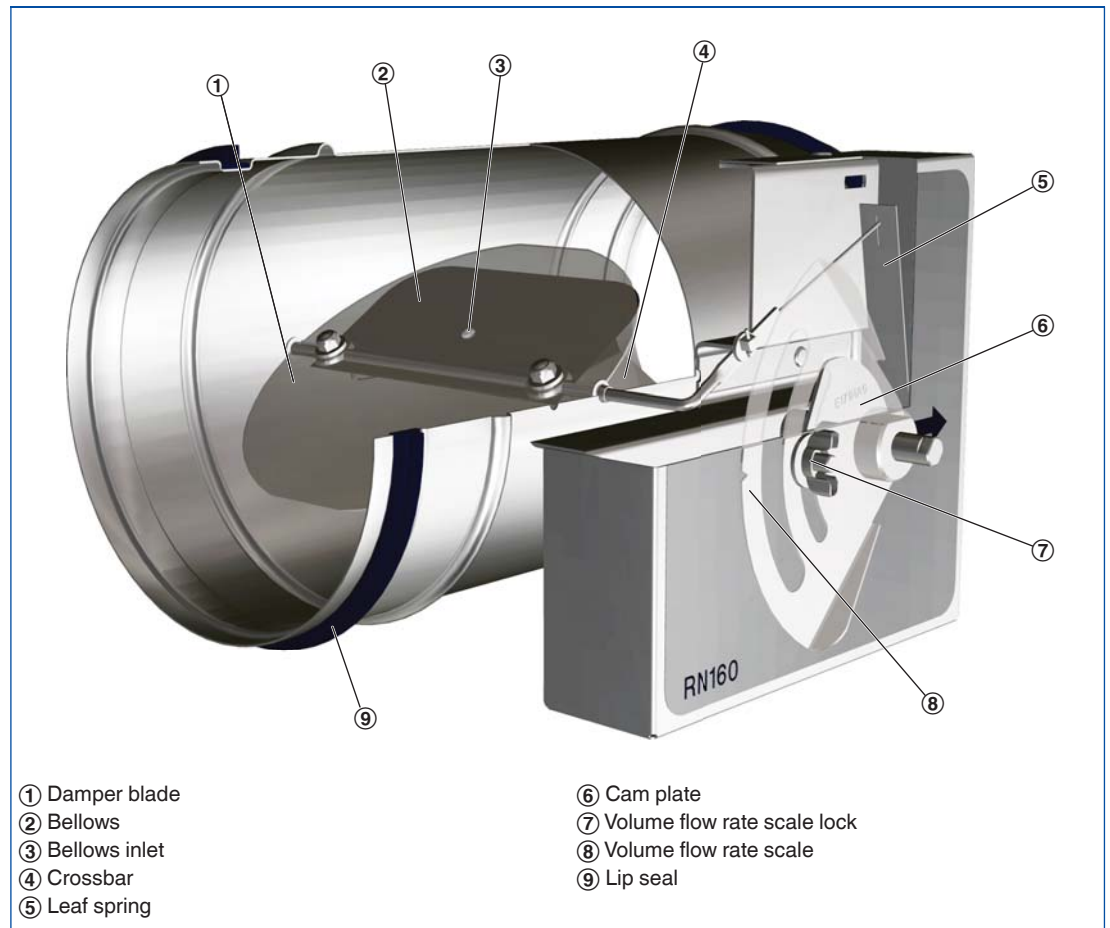
Functional description

The volume flow controller is a mechanical self-powered unit and works without external power supply. A damper blade with low-friction bearings is adjusted by aerodynamic forces such that the set volume flow rate is maintained within the differential pressure range. The aerodynamic forces of the airflow create a closing torque on the damper blade. The bellows extends and increases this force while at the same time acting as an oscillation damper. The closing force is countered by a leaf spring that unrolls over a cam plate. The shape of the cam plate is such that a change in the differential pressure leads to an adjustment of the damper blade in a way that the volume flow rate is maintained almost exactly.

Efficient commissioning

The volume flow rate setpoint value can be set quickly and easily using the pointer on the external scale; no measurements are required. The advantage over flow adjustment dampers is that there is no need for repeat measurements or adjustments by an air conditioning engineer. Should the system pressure change, e.g. by opening or closing of duct sections, the flow rates in the entire system will also change if flow adjustment dampers are used; however, this is not the case with mechanical self-powered volume flow controllers. A mechanical self-powered controller reacts immediately and adjusts the damper blade such that the set constant volume flow rate is maintained.

Schematic illustration of the RN



Order code

RN-S

<b>RN-S – P1 / 100 / D2</b>			
1	2	3	4

**1 Type**

**RN-S** Volume flow controller

**2 Material**

No entry: galvanised sheet steel  
**P1** Powder-coated (RAL 7001), silver grey  
**A2** Stainless steel

**3 Nominal size [mm]**

**80**  
**100**  
**125**

**4 Accessories**

No entry: none  
**D2** Lip seals on both ends

Order code

RN

<b>RN – D – P1 – FL / 160 / G2 / B50 / 300 – 800</b>							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

**1 Type**

**RN** Volume flow controller

**2 Acoustic cladding**

No entry: none  
**D** With acoustic cladding

**3 Material**

No entry: galvanised sheet steel  
**P1** Powder-coated (RAL 7001), silver grey  
**A2** Stainless steel

**4 Flange**

No entry: none  
**FL** Flanges on both ends

**5 Nominal size [mm]**

**80**  
**100**  
**125**  
**160**  
**200**  
**250**  
**315**  
**400**

**6 Accessories**

No entry: none  
**D2** Lip seals on both ends  
**G2** Matching flanges for both ends

**7 Actuator**

No entry: without  
 For example  
**B50** 24 V AC/DC, 3-point  
**B52** 24 V AC/DC, 3-point, with auxiliary switch  
**B70** 24 V AC/DC, modulating 2 – 10 V DC

**8 Volume flow rates [m³/h or l/s]**

only actuators **7**  
 $\dot{V}_{\min} - \dot{V}_{\max}$  for factory setting

Order examples

**RN/160/D2**

Nominal size	160
Material	Galvanised sheet steel
Accessories	Lip seal on both ends

**RN-D-FL/250/G2/B50**

Acoustic cladding	With
Flange	Both ends
Material	Galvanised sheet steel
Nominal size	250
Accessories	Matching flanges for both ends
Actuator	B50

## Volume flow rate ranges

## Volume flow rate ranges and minimum differential pressure values

The minimum differential pressure of CAV controllers is an important factor in designing the ductwork and in rating the fan including speed control.

Sufficient duct pressure must be ensured for all operating conditions and for all control units. The measurement points for fan speed control must be selected accordingly.

Nominal size	$\dot{V}$		①	②	③	④	$\Delta\dot{V}$ ± %
	l/s	m <sup>3</sup> /h	$\Delta p_{st \min}$				
			Pa				
80	11	40	100	105	105	105	20
	20	72	100	105	105	105	15
	40	144	100	110	115	120	10
	45	162	100	110	120	125	8
100	22	79	50	55	55	55	10
	40	144	50	55	55	60	8
	70	252	50	60	65	70	6
	90	324	50	60	70	80	5
125	35	126	50	55	55	55	10
	60	216	50	55	55	55	8
	115	414	50	60	65	70	6
	140	504	50	60	70	80	5
160	60	216	50	55	55	55	10
	105	378	50	55	55	55	8
	190	684	50	55	60	60	6
	240	864	50	55	65	70	5
200	90	324	50	55	55	55	10
	160	576	50	55	55	55	8
	300	1080	50	55	60	65	6
	360	1296	50	55	60	65	5
250	145	522	50	55	55	55	10
	255	918	50	55	55	55	8
	470	1692	50	55	60	60	6
	580	2088	50	55	60	65	5
315	230	828	50	55	55	55	10
	400	1440	50	55	55	55	8
	750	2700	50	55	60	60	6
	920	3312	50	55	60	65	5
400	350	1260	50	55	55	55	10
	610	2196	50	55	55	55	8
	1130	4068	50	55	55	55	6
	1400	5040	50	55	55	60	5

① RN

② RN with secondary silencer CS/CF, insulation thickness 50 mm, length 500 mm

③ RN with secondary silencer CS/CF, insulation thickness 50 mm, length 1000 mm

④ RN with secondary silencer CS/CF, insulation thickness 50 mm, length 1500 mm

## Air-regenerated noise

Quick sizing tables provide a good overview of the room sound pressure levels that can be expected. Approximate intermediate values can be interpolated. Precise intermediate values and spectral data can be calculated with our Easy Product Finder design programme.

The first selection criteria for the nominal size are the actual volume flow rates  $\dot{V}_{\min}$  and  $\dot{V}_{\max}$ . The quick sizing tables are based on normally accepted attenuation levels. If the sound pressure level exceeds the required level, a larger VAV terminal unit and/or a silencer is required.

## Quick sizing: Sound pressure level at differential pressure 150 Pa

Nominal size	$\dot{V}$		Air-regenerated noise				Case-radiated noise	
			①	②	③	④	①	⑤
	l/s	m <sup>3</sup> /h	L <sub>PA</sub>	L <sub>PA1</sub>			L <sub>PA2</sub>	L <sub>PA3</sub>
dB(A)								
80	11	40	37	24	17	15	22	<15
	20	72	39	27	19	17	24	<15
	40	144	47	34	24	22	31	<15
	45	162	48	35	25	24	32	<15
100	22	79	37	24	17	15	22	<15
	40	144	40	47	22	20	21	<15
	70	252	47	47	27	26	29	<15
	90	324	50	50	30	29	33	<15
125	35	126	37	27	21	18	15	<15
	60	216	43	34	27	25	19	<15
	115	414	50	41	35	33	27	<15
	140	504	52	44	39	37	30	<15
160	60	216	40	32	26	24	29	<15
	105	378	45	37	32	29	33	<15
	190	684	49	41	35	33	39	<15
	240	864	50	41	36	34	41	16
200	90	324	40	31	24	22	28	<15
	160	576	43	35	28	26	32	<15
	300	1080	48	40	33	32	40	17
	360	1296	49	41	35	33	42	20
250	145	522	41	32	24	22	29	15
	255	918	42	34	28	26	33	<15
	470	1692	46	39	33	31	40	19
	580	2088	48	41	35	34	43	22
315	230	828	39	33	26	23	30	<15
	400	1440	42	35	29	27	35	<15
	750	2700	44	38	32	31	40	19
	920	3312	46	41	35	34	43	23
400	350	1260	46	39	33	29	45	<15
	610	2196	48	42	36	32	49	18
	1130	4068	50	44	38	35	54	24
	1400	5040	51	45	40	37	56	27

- ① RN
- ② RN with secondary silencer CS/CF, insulation thickness 50 mm, length 500 mm
- ③ RN with secondary silencer CS/CF, insulation thickness 50 mm, length 1000 mm
- ④ RN with secondary silencer CS/CF, insulation thickness 50 mm, length 1500 mm
- ⑤ RN-D



## Description

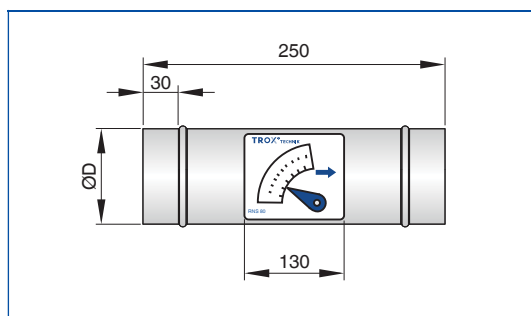
- Compact-height volume flow controller for constant volume flow rate control
- Spigot to make connections to the ducting



CAV controller variant RN-S, compact height

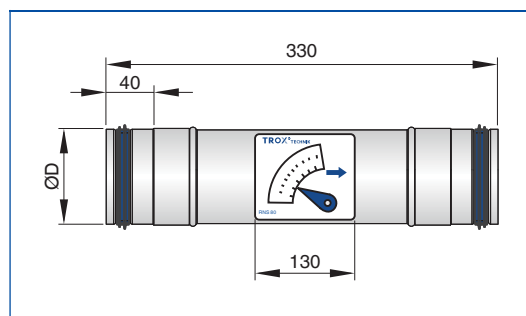
## Dimensions

### RN-S, nominal size 80



RN-S/80, RN-S-P1/80, RN-S-A2/80

### RN-S, nominal size 80, lip seal

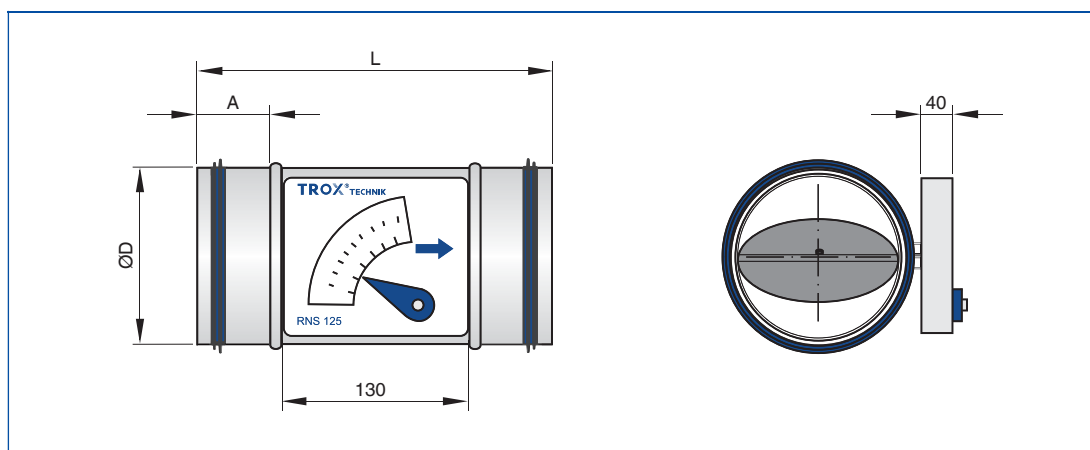


RN-S/80/D2, RN-S-P1/80/D2

### Dimensions [mm] and weight [kg]

Nominal size	ØD	m
	mm	kg
80	79	1.4

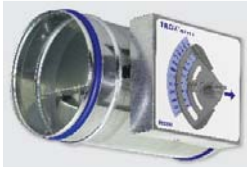
### RN-S, nominal size 100, 125



### Dimensions [mm] and weight [kg]

Nominal size	ØD	L	A	m
	mm			kg
100	99	250	50	1.8
125	124	250	50	2.0

## Description

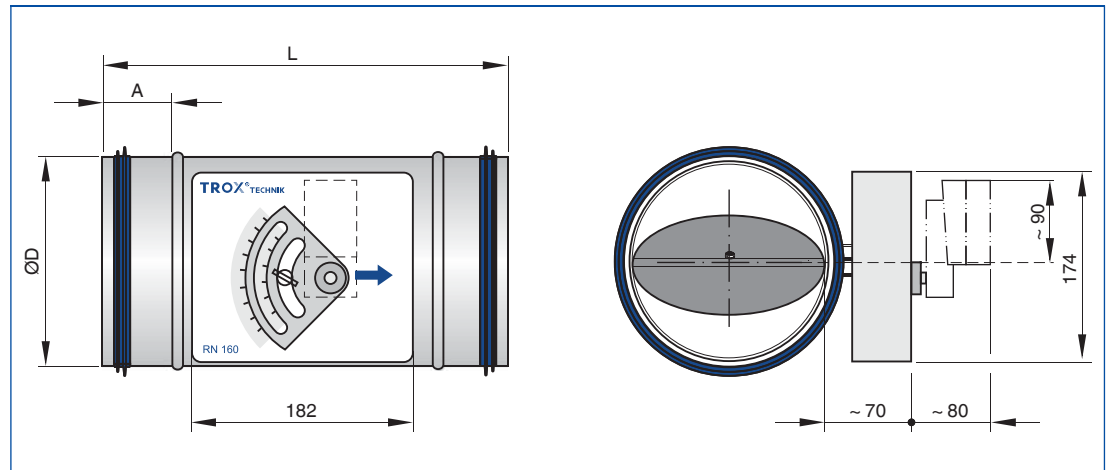


CAV controller variant RN

- Volume flow controller for constant air volume flow control
- Spigot to make connections to the ducting

## Dimensions

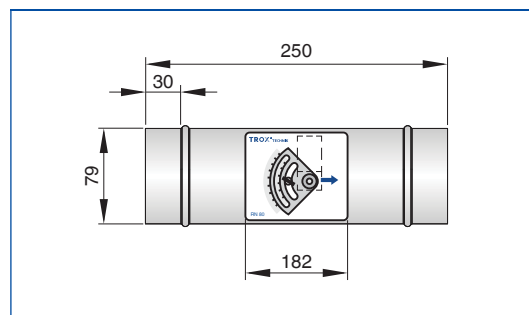
### RN



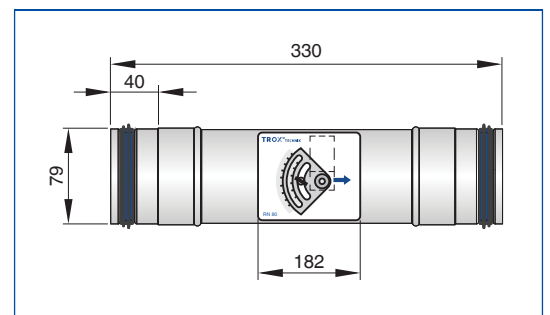
### Dimensions [mm] and weight [kg]

Nominal size	ØD	L	A	m
	mm	mm	mm	kg
80	79	310	50	1.4
100	99	310	50	1.8
125	124	310	50	2.0
160	159	310	50	2.5
200	199	310	50	3.0
250	249	400	50	3.5
315	314	400	50	4.8
400	399	400	50	5.7

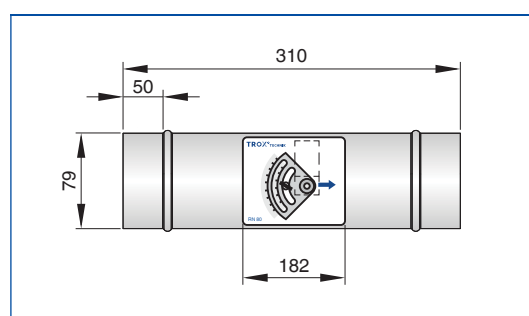
### RN-P1/80



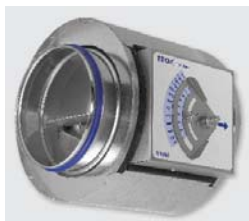
### RN-P1/80/D2



### RN-A2/80



## Description

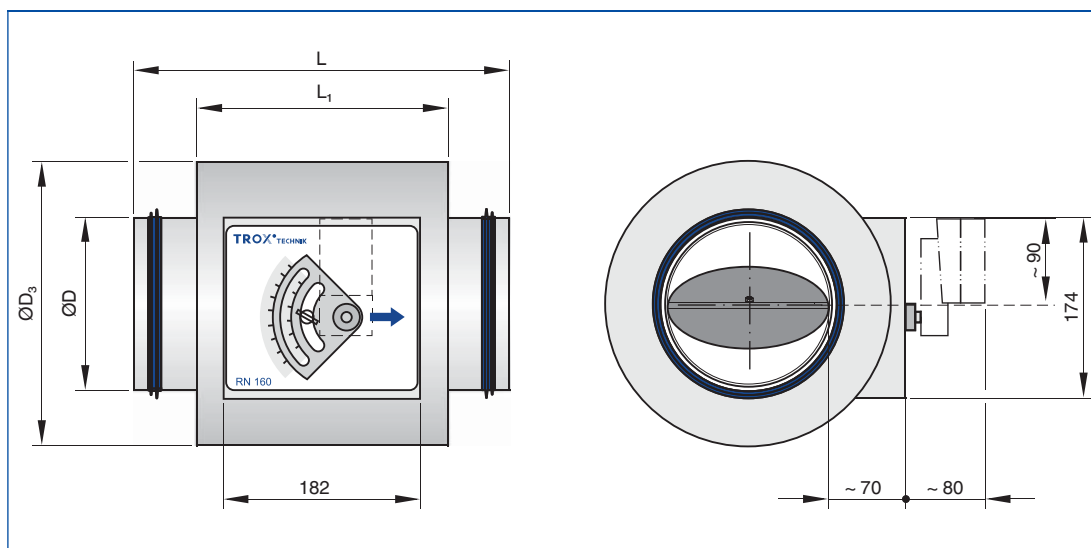


CAV controller  
variant RN-D

- Volume flow controller with acoustic cladding for constant air volume flow control
- Spigot to make connections to the ducting
- For rooms where the case-radiated noise of the unit is not sufficiently reduced by a false ceiling
- The circular ducts for the room under consideration must have adequate acoustic insulation (provided by others) on the fan and room ends
- Acoustic cladding cannot be retrofitted

## Dimensions

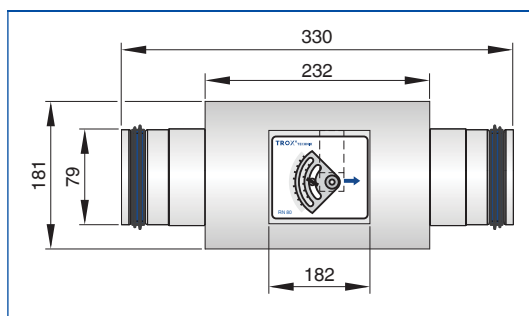
### RN-D



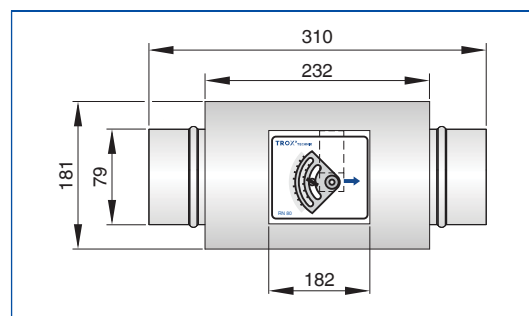
### Dimensions [mm] and weight [kg]

Nominal size	ØD	L	ØD <sub>3</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	m
	mm				
80	79	310	181	232	2.2
100	99	310	200	232	3.6
125	124	310	220	232	4.0
160	159	310	262	232	5.0
200	199	310	300	232	6.0
250	249	400	356	312	7.3
315	314	400	418	312	9.8
400	399	400	500	312	11.8

### RN-D-P1/80/D2



### RN-D-A2/80

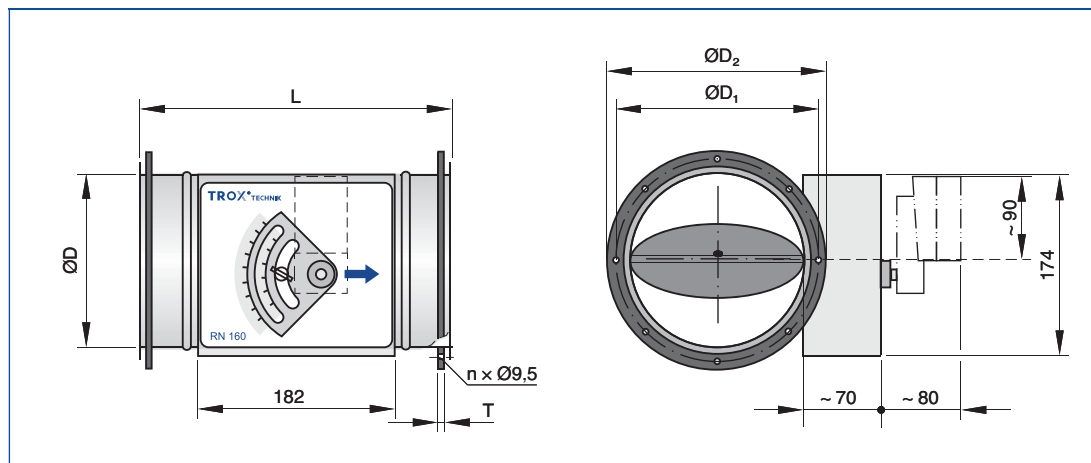


Description

- Volume flow controller for constant air volume flow control
- With flanges to make detachable connections to the ductwork

Dimensions

RN-FL



Dimensions [mm] and weight [kg]

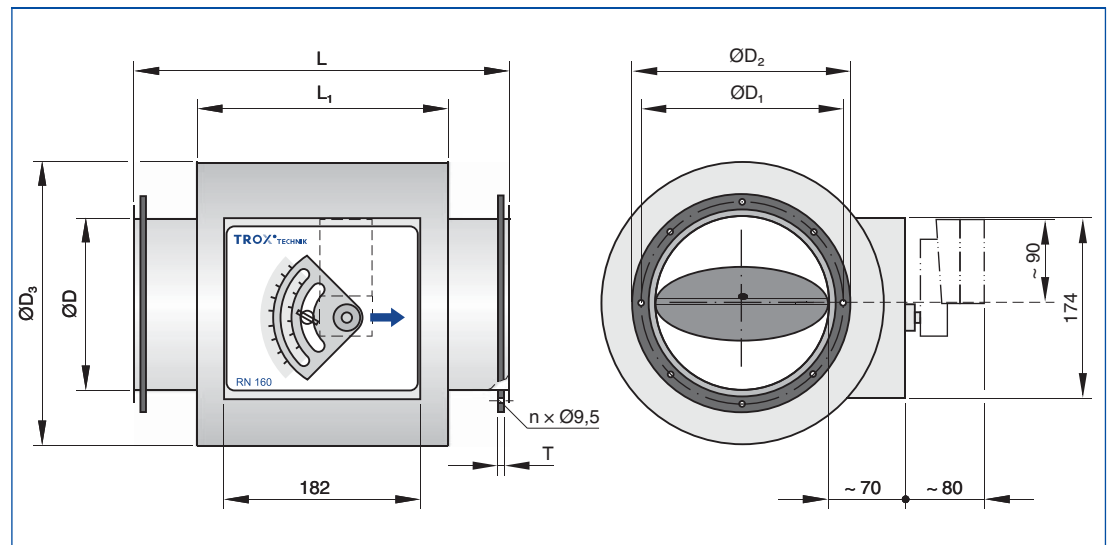
Nominal size	ØD	L	ØD <sub>1</sub>	ØD <sub>2</sub>	n	T	m
	mm					mm	kg
100	99	290	132	152	4	4	2.4
125	124	290	157	177	4	4	2.7
160	159	290	192	212	6	4	3.5
200	199	290	233	253	6	4	4.4
250	249	380	283	303	6	4	5.3
315	314	380	352	378	8	4	7.3
400	399	380	438	464	8	4	9.6

**Description**

- Volume flow controller with acoustic cladding for constant air volume flow control
- With flanges to make detachable connections to the ductwork
- For rooms where the case-radiated noise of the unit is not sufficiently reduced by a false ceiling
- The circular ducts for the room under consideration must have adequate acoustic insulation (provided by others) on the fan and room ends
- Acoustic cladding cannot be retrofitted
- Powder-coated surface (P1) or stainless steel construction (A2) not possible

**Dimensions**

**RN-D-FL**



**Dimensions [mm] and weight [kg]**

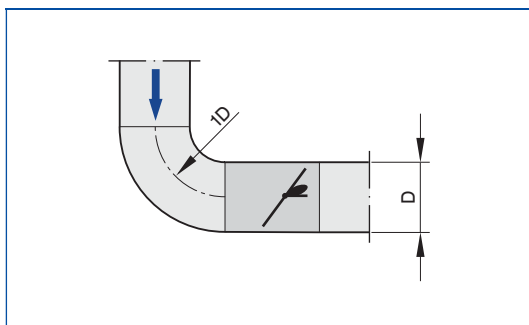
Nominal size	ØD	L	ØD <sub>1</sub>	ØD <sub>2</sub>	ØD <sub>3</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	n	T	m
	mm							mm	kg
100	99	370	132	152	200	232	4	4	4.2
125	124	370	157	177	220	232	4	4	4.7
160	159	370	192	212	262	232	6	4	6.0
200	199	370	233	253	300	232	6	4	7.4
250	249	460	283	303	356	312	6	4	9.1
315	314	460	352	378	418	312	8	4	12.3
400	399	460	438	464	500	312	8	4	15.7

## Upstream conditions

The volume flow rate accuracy  $\Delta\dot{V}$  applies to a straight upstream section of the duct. Bends, junctions or a narrowing or widening of the duct cause turbulence that may affect measurement. Duct connections, e.g. branches off the main duct, must comply with EN 1505. Some installation situations require straight duct sections upstream.

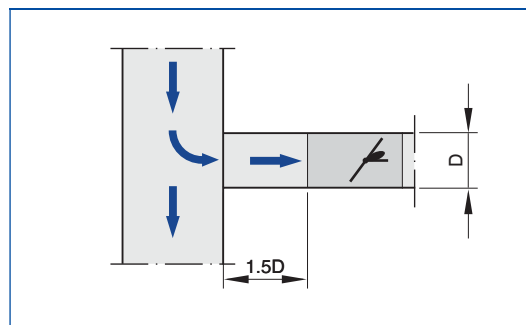
Free air intake only with a straight duct section of 1D upstream.

## Bend



A bend with a curvature radius of at least 1D – without an additional straight duct section upstream of the CAV controller – has only a negligible effect on the volume flow rate accuracy.

## Junction

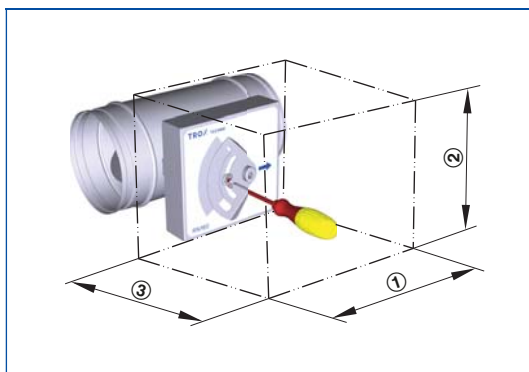


A junction causes strong turbulence. The stated volume flow rate accuracy  $\Delta\dot{V}$  can only be achieved with a straight duct section of at least 1.5D upstream. Shorter upstream sections require a perforated plate in the branch and before the CAV controller. If there is no straight upstream section at all, the control will not be stable, even with a perforated plate.

## Space requirement for commissioning and maintenance

Sufficient space must be kept clear near any attachments to allow for commissioning and maintenance. It may be necessary to provide sufficiently sized inspection access openings.

## Access for commissioning and maintenance



## Space required

Attachments	①	②	③
	mm		
Without actuator	200	200	200
With actuator	200	320	300

### Standard text

This specification text describes the general properties of the product. Texts for variants can be generated with our Easy Product Finder design programme.

Circular volume flow controllers for constant air volume systems, mechanical self-powered, without external power supply, suitable for supply or extract air, available in 8 nominal sizes.

Ready-to-commission unit consists of the casing containing a damper blade with low-friction bearings, bellows, external cam plate and leaf spring.

Volume flow controllers without actuators are factory set to a reference volume flow rate (customers can set the required volume flow rate on site).

Spigot with groove for lip seal, suitable for connecting ducts according to EN 1506 or EN 13180.

Casing air leakage to EN 1751, class C.

### Special features

- Volume flow rate can be set using an external scale; no tools required
- High volume flow rate control accuracy
- Any installation orientation

### Materials and surfaces

Galvanised sheet steel construction

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel
- Interior parts, nominal sizes 80 – 125: stainless steel 1.4301, nominal sizes 160 – 400: galvanised sheet steel
- Polyurethane bellows
- Plain bearings with PTFE coating
- Leaf spring made of stainless steel

Powder-coated construction (P1)

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel, powder-coated
- Interior parts, nominal sizes 80 – 125: stainless steel 1.4301, nominal sizes 160 – 400: galvanised sheet steel, powder-coated

Stainless steel construction (A2)

- Casing made of stainless steel 1.4301
- Interior parts made of stainless steel

Variant with acoustic cladding (-D)

- Acoustic cladding made of galvanised sheet steel
- Rubber profile for the insulation of structure-borne noise
- Lining is mineral wool

Mineral wool

- To EN 13501, fire rating class A1, non-combustible
- RAL quality mark RAL-GZ 388
- Biosoluble and hence hygienically safe according to the German TRGS 905 (Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances) and EU directive 97/69/EG

### Construction

- Galvanised sheet steel
- P1: Powder-coated, silver grey (RAL 7001)
- A2: Stainless steel

### Technical data

- Nominal sizes: 80 to 400 mm
- Volume flow rate range: 11 to 1400 l/s or 40 to 5040 m<sup>3</sup>/h
- Volume flow rate control range: approx. 25 – 100 % of the nominal volume flow rate
- Minimum differential pressure: 50 Pa
- Maximum differential pressure: 1000 Pa

### Sizing data

- $\dot{V}$  \_\_\_\_\_ [m<sup>3</sup>/h]
- $\Delta p_{st}$  \_\_\_\_\_ [Pa]
- $L_{PA}$  air-regenerated noise \_\_\_\_\_ [dB(A)]
- $L_{PA}$  Case-radiated noise \_\_\_\_\_ [dB(A)]

### Order options

#### 1 Type

**RN-S** Volume flow controller

#### 2 Material

- No entry: galvanised sheet steel
- P1** Powder-coated (RAL 7001), silver grey
- A2** Stainless steel

#### 3 Nominal size [mm]

- 80**
- 100**
- 125**

#### 4 Accessories

- No entry: none
- D2** Lip seals on both ends

Order options

**1 Type**

**RN** Volume flow controller

**2 Acoustic cladding**

No entry: none

**D** With acoustic cladding

**3 Material**

No entry: galvanised sheet steel

**P1** Powder-coated (RAL 7001), silver grey

**A2** Stainless steel

**4 Flange**

No entry: none

**FL** Flanges on both ends

**5 Nominal size [mm]**

**80**

**100**

**125**

**160**

**200**

**250**

**315**

**400**

**6 Accessories**

No entry: none

**D2** Lip seals on both ends

**G2** Matching flanges for both ends

**7 Actuator**

No entry: without

For example

**B50** 24 V AC/DC, 3-point

**B52** 24 V AC/DC, 3-point,  
with auxiliary switch

**B70** 24 V AC/DC, modulating 2 – 10 V DC

**8 Volume flow rates [m<sup>3</sup>/h or l/s]**

only actuators **7**

$\dot{V}_{\min} - \dot{V}_{\max}$  for factory setting



# Constant volume flow control – CONSTANTFLOW

## Basic information and nomenclature

2



- Product selection
- Principal dimensions
- Nomenclature
- Construction
- Correction values for system attenuation
- Measurements
- Sizing and sizing example

# Constant volume flow control – CONSTANTFLOW

## Basic information and nomenclature

### Product selection

	Type					
	RN	EN	VFL	VFC	RN-Ex	EN-Ex
<b>Type of system</b>						
Supply air	●	●	●	●	●	●
Extract air	●	●	●	●	●	●
<b>Duct connection, fan end</b>						
Circular	●		●	●	●	
Rectangular		●				●
<b>Volume flow rate range</b>						
Up to [m <sup>3</sup> /h]	5040	12100	900	1330	5040	12100
Up to [l/s]	1400	3360	250	370	1400	3360
<b>Air quality</b>						
Filtered	●	●	●	●	●	●
Office extract air	●	●	●	●	●	●
Polluted	○	○	○	○	○	○
Contaminated	○	○	○	○	○	○
<b>Control function</b>						
Constant	●	●	●	●	●	●
Variable	○	○		○		
Min/Max	○	○		○		
<b>Acoustic requirements</b>						
High < 40 dB(A)	○	○		○	○	○
Low < 50 dB (A)	●	●	●	●	●	●
<b>Special areas</b>						
Areas with explosive atmospheres					●	●
●	Possible					
○	Possible under certain conditions: Robust unit variant and/or specific actuator or a useful additional product					
	Not possible					

# Constant volume flow control – CONSTANTFLOW

## Basic information and nomenclature

### Principal dimensions

#### $\varnothing D$ [mm]

Outside diameter of the spigot

#### $\varnothing D_1$ [mm]

Pitch circle diameter of flanges

#### $\varnothing D_2$ [mm]

Outside diameter of flanges

#### $\varnothing D_4$ [mm]

Inside diameter of the screw holes of flanges

#### L [mm]

Length of unit including connecting spigot

#### $L_1$ [mm]

Length of casing or acoustic cladding

#### B [mm]

Duct width

#### $B_1$ [mm]

Screw hole pitch of flange (horizontal)

#### $B_2$ [mm]

Outside dimension of flange (width)

#### $B_3$ [mm]

Width of device

#### H [mm]

Duct height

#### $H_1$ [mm]

Screw hole pitch of flange (vertical)

#### $H_2$ [mm]

Outside dimension of flange (height)

#### $H_3$ [mm]

Unit height

#### n [ ]

Number of flange screw holes

#### T [mm]

Flange thickness

#### m [kg]

Unit weight including the minimum required attachments for manual adjustment

### Nomenclature

#### Acoustic data

#### $f_m$ [Hz]

Octave band centre frequency

#### $L_{PA}$ [dB(A)]

A-weighted sound pressure level of air-regenerated noise of the VAV terminal unit, system attenuation taken into account

#### $L_{PA1}$ [dB(A)]

A-weighted sound pressure level of air-regenerated noise of the VAV terminal unit with secondary silencer, system attenuation taken into account

#### $L_{PA2}$ [dB(A)]

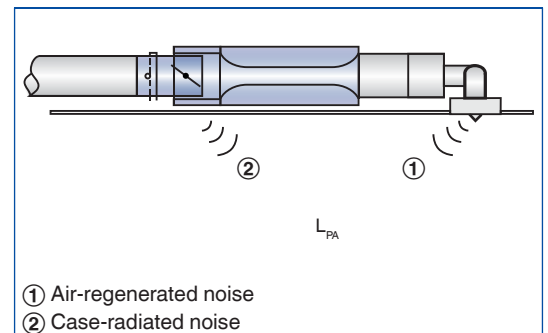
A-weighted sound pressure level of case-regenerated noise of the VAV terminal unit, system attenuation taken into account

#### $L_{PA3}$ [dB(A)]

A-weighted sound pressure level of case-regenerated noise of the VAV terminal unit with acoustic cladding, system attenuation taken into account

All sound pressure levels are based on 20  $\mu$ Pa.

#### Definition of noise



### Volume flow rates

#### $\dot{V}_{\text{nom}}$ [m<sup>3</sup>/h] and [l/s]

Nominal volume flow rate (100 %)

- The value depends on product type and nominal size
- Values are published on the internet and in technical leaflets, and stored in the Easy Product Finder design software.
- Upper limit of the setting range and maximum volume flow rate setpoint value for the CAV controller

#### $\dot{V}$ [m<sup>3</sup>/h] and [l/s]

Volume flow rate

#### $\Delta\dot{V}$ [± %]

Volume flow rate tolerance from setpoint value

### Differential pressure

#### $\Delta p_{\text{st}}$ [Pa]

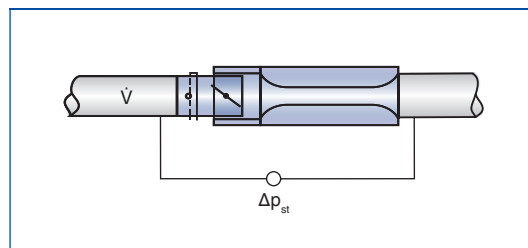
Static differential pressure

#### $\Delta p_{\text{st min}}$ [Pa]

Static differential pressure, minimum

- The static minimum differential pressure is equal to the pressure loss of the CAV controller when the damper blade is open, caused by flow resistance (bellows, crossbar)
- If the pressure on the CAV controller is too low, the setpoint volume flow rate may not be achieved, not even when the damper blade is open
- Important factor in designing the ductwork and in rating the fan including speed control
- Sufficient duct pressure must be ensured for all operating conditions and for all controllers, and the measurement point or points for speed control must have been selected accordingly to achieve this

### Static differential pressure



### Constructions

#### Galvanised sheet steel

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel
- Parts in contact with the airflow as described for the product type
- External parts, e.g. mounting brackets or covers, are usually made of galvanised sheet steel

#### Powder-coated surface (P1)

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel, powder-coated RAL 7001, silver grey
- Parts in contact with the airflow are powder-coated or made of plastic
- Due to production, some parts that come into contact with the airflow may be stainless steel or aluminium, powder-coated
- External parts, e.g. mounting brackets or covers, are usually made of galvanised sheet steel

#### Stainless steel (A2)

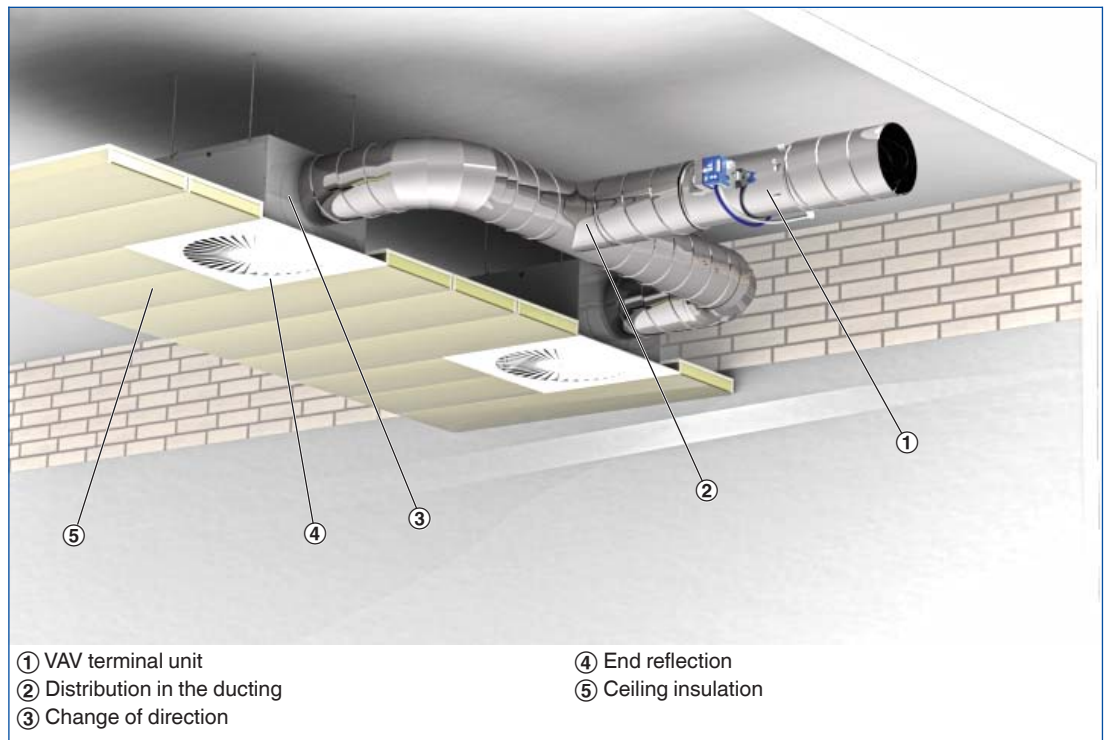
- Casing made of stainless steel 1.4201
- Parts in contact with the airflow are powder-coated or made of stainless steel
- External parts, e.g. mounting brackets or covers, are usually made of galvanised sheet steel

# Constant volume flow control – CONSTANTFLOW

## Basic information and nomenclature

The quick sizing tables show the sound pressure levels that can be expected in a room both for the air-regenerated noise and for the case-radiated noise. The sound pressure level in a room results from the sound power level of the products – for a given volume flow rate and differential pressure – and the attenuation and insulation on site. Generally accepted attenuation and insulation values have been taken into account. The distribution of air across the ductwork, changes of direction, end reflection, and room attenuation all affect the sound pressure level of the air-regenerated noise. Ceiling insulation and room attenuation influence the sound pressure level of the case-radiated noise.

### Reducing the sound pressure level of the air-regenerated noise



### Correction values for acoustic quick sizing

The correction values for the distribution in the ducting are based on the number of diffusers assigned to any one air terminal unit. If there is just one diffuser (assumption: 140 l/s or 500 m<sup>3</sup>/h), no correction is necessary.

One change of direction, e.g. at the horizontal connection of the diffuser plenum box, has been taken into consideration for the system attenuation values. Vertical connection of the plenum box does not result in a system attenuation. Additional bends result in lower sound pressure levels.

### Octave correction for the distribution in the ducting, used to calculate the air-regenerated noise

$\dot{V}$ in [m <sup>3</sup> /h]	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	4000	5000
[l/s]	140	280	420	550	700	840	1100	1400
[dB]	0	3	5	6	7	8	9	10

### System attenuation per octave to VDI 2081 for the calculation of the air-regenerated noise

Centre frequency [Hz]	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
	$\Delta L$							
dB								
Change of direction	0	0	1	2	3	3	3	3
Mündungsreflexion	10	5	2	0	0	0	0	0
Room attenuation	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

The calculation is based on the end reflection for nominal size 250

### Octave correction for the calculation of case-radiated noise

Centre frequency [Hz]	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
	$\Delta L$							
dB								
Ceiling insulation	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Room attenuation	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

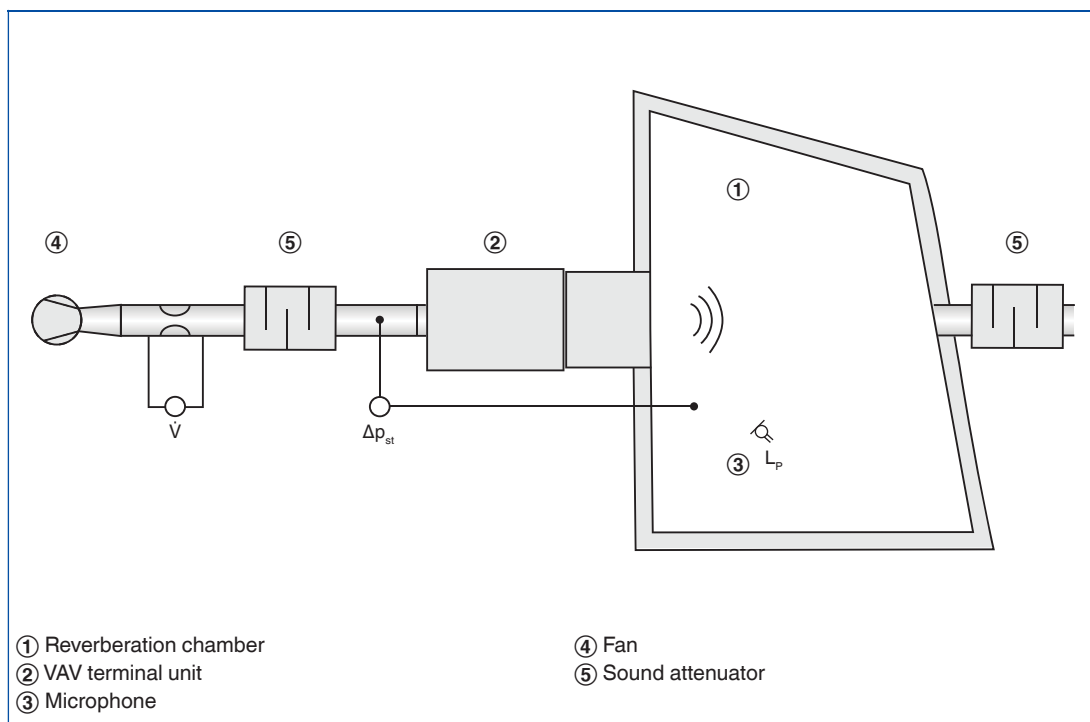
# Constant volume flow control – CONSTANTFLOW

## Basic information and nomenclature

### Measurements

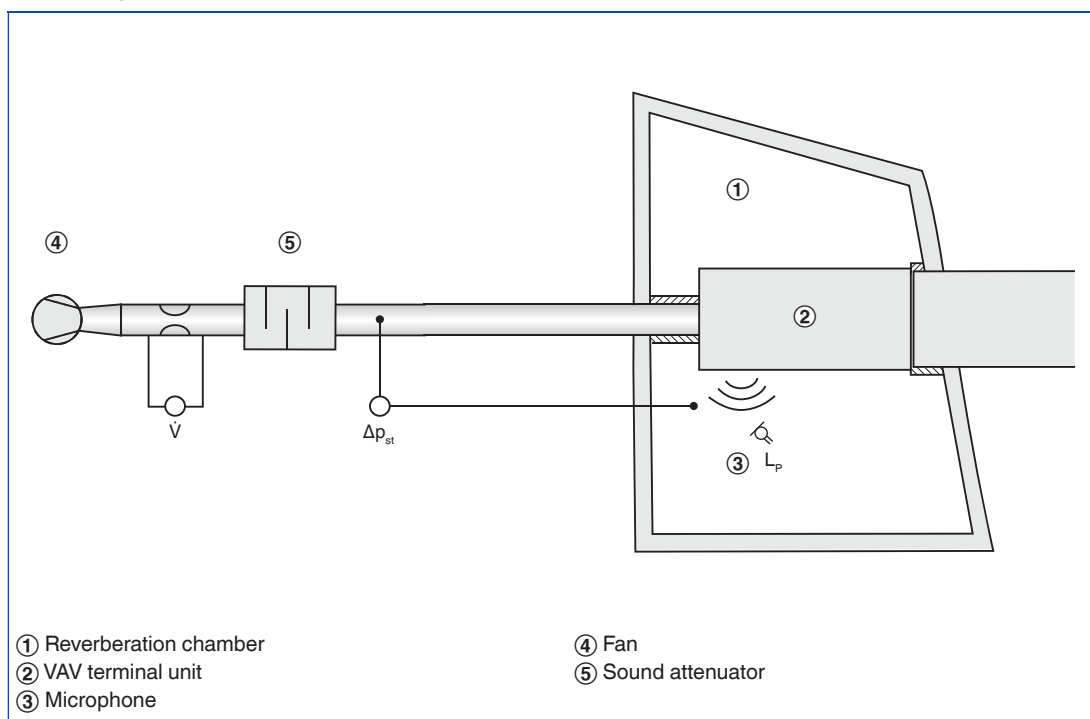
The acoustic data for the air-regenerated noise and case-radiated noise are determined according to EN ISO 5135. All measurements are carried out in a reverberation chamber to EN ISO 3741.

### Measuring the air-regenerated noise



The sound pressure levels for air-regenerated noise  $L_{PA}$  given by us result from measurements in a reverberation chamber. The sound pressure  $L_p$  is measured for the entire frequency range. The evaluation of the measurements, including system attenuation and A-weighting, results in the sound pressure level  $L_{PA}$ .

### Measuring the case-radiated noise



The sound pressure levels for case-radiated noise  $L_{PA2}$  given by us result from measurements in a reverberation chamber. The sound pressure  $L_p$  is measured for the entire frequency range. The evaluation of the measurements, including system attenuation and A-weighting, results in the sound pressure level  $L_{PA2}$ .

# Constant volume flow control – CONSTANTFLOW

## Basic information and nomenclature

### Sizing with the help of this catalogue

This catalogue provides convenient quick sizing tables for CAV controllers. The sound pressure levels for air-regenerated noise and for case-radiated noise are provided for all nominal sizes. In addition, generally accepted attenuation and insulation values have been taken into account. Sizing data for other volume flow rates and differential pressures can be determined quickly and precisely using the Easy Product Finder design programme.

### Sizing example

#### Given data

$\dot{V}_{\max} = 280 \text{ l/s}$  (1010 m<sup>3</sup>/h)

$\Delta p_{\text{st}} = 150 \text{ Pa}$

Required sound pressure level in the room 35 dB(A)

#### Quick sizing

RN/200 with circular silencer CS 050/200×1000

Air-regenerated noise  $L_{\text{PA}} = 26 \text{ dB(A)}$

Case-radiated noise  $L_{\text{PA}} = 31 \text{ dB(A)}$

### Easy Product Finder



The Easy Product Finder allows you to size products using your project-specific data.

You will find the Easy Product Finder on our website.

The screenshot shows the software interface with the following data:

**Regelkomponente:** nicht belastet (verzinktes Stahlblech)  
**Luftqualität:** manuell  
**Regelung:** Johni Regel/Johni Stelltrieb  
**Volumenstrom:** konstant  
**V c:** 1.010 m<sup>3</sup>/h (40.5040)  
**Volumenstrom Regelgerät:** ohne Dämmschale  
**Schalldämpfer:** ohne und mit C-S(1000) 50

Serie	Abmessung	V [m <sup>3</sup> /h]		L <sub>a</sub> [dB(A)]		Preis
		von	bis	Störungsgeräusch	Abstrahlgeräusch	
RN	200	324	1296	47	39	151,00
RN+CS 050/1000	200	324	1296	22	29	419,00 (inkl. CS)
RN	250	522	2088	42	34	185,00
RN+CS 050/1000	250	522	2088	28	34	474,00 (inkl. CS)
RN	315	828	3312	40	31	195,00
RN+CS 050/1000	315	828	3312	26	31	548,00 (inkl. CS)

**Produktfoto:**

**Akustische Eingabedaten:**  
 $L_{\text{a}}$  Störung c: dB(A)  
 $L_{\text{a}}$  Abstrahlung c: dB(A)  
 $\Delta p_{\text{st}}$  Pa (100...1000)

**Akustische Ergebnisse:**

Datum	Lu Str...	Lu Abstr...
f [Hz]	63	125
L <sub>a</sub> St	70	63
L <sub>a</sub> Ab	49	46

Ergebnisse bei  $\dot{V} = 1010 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  und  $\Delta p_{\text{st}} = 150 \text{ Pa}$   
 $L_{\text{a}}$  Störung = 47 dB(A) (11 dB Dämpfung)  
 $L_{\text{a}}$  Abstrahlung = 39 dB(A) (9 dB Dämpfung)